MM : 50

HRS: 1.30

وفت ڈیڑھ گھنٹہ بالكوي جماعت مدایات: (۱) تمام والات لازی بیل (۲) خوش خطی آور صفائی پرتوجه ویں۔ (٣) برسوال كاجواب يخصفحه عيثر وع كرير-سوال نمبرا۔ (الف) صحیح متبادل چن کر ذیل کے بیانا سے ممل سیجیے۔ ا۔ کوئی شخص ان کو کسی علامت سے پیجان نہیں سکتا کہ یہ (الف) مسلمانون كابادشاه بيد (ب)خليف انى بيد (ج) خلیفئه وقت ہے۔ ۲۔ حسد کی راہ ہے کسی کوعنت وملامت کرنے کاخیال آو ہے تو (الف) اسکی صفت اور ثنا کرنے گئے۔ (ب) تو اضع اور فروتی جناوے (ج) محسود کی فیبت کرے۔ (ب) مندرجہ ذیل کسی وو کے جواب ایک جملے میں لکھیے۔ ا۔ حد کے کہتے ہیں؟ ٢- عورت في الحجروية لين يكرون الكاركيا؟ ٣- چورن والي جن كون اوران كالصل ما م كما تقا؟ سوال نمبرا_ (الف) كى ايك كاجواب ٢٦٠ ٥٠ الفاظ ميل كهي-ا- حضرت عمر كي حكومت كي اجم خصوصات كياتهين؟ ۲۔ حسداورغبطہ کے فرق کومثالوں کے ذریعے واضح سیجئے۔" س- جلسدگاہ میں مولا ناحسر ت مو بانی کی گرفاری کے منظر کومصعف نے سطرح بیان کیا ہے؟ (ب) ورج ذیل سے کی دوعبارت کی متن کے حوالے سے وضاحت سیجئے۔ ا۔ ترجے کے ذریعے ایک ذبان کی تہذیب دوسری زبان کی تمذیب کے ساتھ ال کرنے گل کھلاسکتی ہے۔ ۲۔ جیل میں قید تنہائی ملی سال بھرا یک من آٹاروز پیمیا، ہتھا بیاں زخمی ہو گئیں مگریا زک خیالی اور مضمون آفرینی نہ گئے۔ سو۔ زندگی این تمام ول فریبیوں اور نگینیوں کے ساتھ میری تازیر داری کرد ہی ہے۔

سوال نمبر (الف) - سمى الكنظم كاخلاصه لكهنے-ا۔ سید کی لوح تربت ۲۔ تشمیر

(ب) ورج ذیل میں سے سی دواشعار کی شریح سیجے۔ ا- كمرباند هي وخ طلخ كويال سبيار بيشي بيل بهت آگے گئے، باتی جو ہیں تیار جیٹھے ہیں ۲۔ منتے جود کھتے ہیں کسی کوکسی ہے ہم مندد کھے دیکھ دوتے ہیں کس ہے کی ہے ہم العد جیں ان کے در سے ندسیماب المفے كدمين سربسجده بول ، تحده بسر بول (ج) صحیح متابا ول کی مدو سے درج ذیل اشعار ملم سیجئے۔ (کوئی ایک) ا۔ تھانی تھی دل میں ،اب نملیں کے کی ہے ہم (الف) مومن نه بول جوربط رکھیں بدعتی ہے ہم (ب) پرکیاکریں کہ ہوگئے تا جار جی ہے ہم (ج) كيول اين جي كولكت بيل بجهاجني سے بم ۲- ونیامیری بلاجائے مبتلی ہے یاستی ہے (الف) جواجزے اور پھرند ہے، دل وہ نرالیستی ہے (ب) مائے وہ آ تکھا بیانی کی دوبوندوں کورسی ہے (ج) موت ملے تو مفت ندلوں استی کی کیا است ہے سوال نميرس كسى ايك كاجواب ٢٥٥٠ ٢١ الفاظ كي _ ١- ايرانى تهذيب كانقشه ايز الفاظ ميل لكهيـ ٢- مصنف فرانسي قوم كاتعريف كس طرح كى --٣- مصنف نے پیرس کوجنت نگاہ کیوں کہاہے؟ سوال نمبر۵- مندرجه ذیل مین کسی ایک عنوان پر ڈھائی سو (۲۵۰) تا تین سو (۴۰۰) الفاظ پر شتمل مضمون لکھئے۔ ا۔ طالب علم کے فرائض ۲۔ سطرح کٹے گام مبنگائی کاسفر س_ تعلیمنسواں ۷۰ سائنس کی کرشمہ سازیاں سوال نمبرا- (الف) درج ذيل سے كى ايك شعرى تقطيع سيجة اور بحركانا م لكھے۔ ا۔ میں یوں راہ ہستی میں گرم سفر ہوں نظر برقدم ہوں قدم برنظر ہوں ۲- بير جرفطرت كددار فنامين ضروري نبيل مير ابونا مگر بول (ب) ورج ذیل میں ہے کی ایک صنعت کی تعریف مع مثال لکھنے۔ (١) تشبيه - (٢) شجابل عارفانه

MM: 50

HRS: 1 1/2

- प्र.१ अ) पुढीलपैकी कोणत्याही एका विषयावर निगडीत सुमारे १५ ते २० ओळीत संवादलेखन करा.
 - १. वाढती व्यसनाधीनता एक समस्या (दोन मित्रांमधील / मैत्रिणींमधील संवाद)
 - २. तरूण मुलां-मुलींमध्ये वाढलेले मोबाईल प्रेम (दोन मित्रांमधील / मैत्रिणींमधील संवाद)
 - ब) पुढील प्रश्नांच्या उत्तराचा योग्य पर्याय निवडा.

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- १. पुढील नामासाठी योग्य विशेषण निवडा :
 - नदी १) हसरी २) पेटती ३) वाहती ४) बोलकी
- २. पुढील शब्दाला समानार्थी शब्द लिहा.

सूर्य : १) कविता २) सविता ३) ललिता ४) नम्रता

- ३. गटात न बसणारा शब्द शोधून लिहा.
 - ढग १) घन २) मेघ ३) वात ४) जलद
- ४. लटलट १) कटकट २) वटवट ३) सटासट ४) झटझट
- क) खालील पर्यायातून निर्दोष शब्द ओळखा.

2

- अ) १) शीपाई २) शिपाई ३) शिपाई ४) शीपाई
- ब) १) क्षीतीज २) क्षीतिज ३) क्षितिज ४) क्षितीज

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प्र.३ अ) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही एका प्रश्नाचे उत्तर सुमारे ८० शब्दांत लिहा.४

- १. फ्रामरोझचे आयुष्य कसे सार्थकी लागले? स्पष्ट करा.
- २. मुलांना स्वप्न पाहण्याचा सल्ला जे.पी. अब्दुल कलामांनी का दिला?
- ३. लेखकाच्या नजरेसमोर आई-वडील, बहीण-भाऊ केव्हा आले?
- ब) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही तीन प्रश्नांची उत्तरे प्रत्येकी एका वाक्यात लिहा.३
- १. उन्नीकृष्णनचा चेहरा आनंदाने का फुलला?
- २. आपले राष्ट्र ध्वनिप्रदूषण कसे करते?
- ३. लेखक पुलाखालून वाहत जाताना कोणत्या नदीत पोहोचणार होते?
- ४. मागे सरकणाऱ्या लाटांबद्दल लेखिकेने काय म्हटले आहे?

प्र.४ अ) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही एका प्रश्नाचे उत्तर सुमारे ८० शब्दांत लिहा.

- १. संत शेख महंमदांनी अभक्तांचे वर्णन कसे केले आहे?
- २. या जन्माला फुटे न भाषा या शीर्षकाची समर्पकता स्पष्ट करा.
- ३. स्त्रियांच्या जगण्याचे चित्रण कवियत्री शांता शेळके यांनी कसे केले आहे?
- ब) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही दोन प्रश्नांची उत्तरे प्रत्येकी एका वाक्यात लिहा. २
- १. मायमातीच्या लेकरांची वाट कशी आहे
- २. तिच्या डोळ्यांत कवीला काय दिसले?
- ३. कोंबातून बाहेर आलेली पाने कशी दिसतात?

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| | ड) खालील वाक्यप्रचारांच्या अर्थाचा योग्य पर्याय निवडा. | | | | | | |
|-------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | १) गळ घालणे - | | | | | | |
| | १) आग्रह धरणे २) मासे पकडणे | | | | | | |
| | ३) नकार देणे ४) पाण्यात डोकावणे | | | | | | |
| | २) अंतर्मुख होणे - | | | | | | |
| × | १) हुशार होणे २) सर्वशक्तिनिशी झेपावणे | | | | | | |
| | ३) बेफिकिरीने वागणे ४) विचाराधीन होणे | | | | | | |
| | इ) खालील पारिभाषिक शब्दांसाठी योग्य पर्याय निवडा. | | | | | | |
| * 13 | १) Qualified १) पात्रतालायक २) पदवीधारक | | | | | | |
| | ३) पात्रतायुक्त ४) अर्हतापात्र | | | | | | |
| | २) Zero Hour १) रिक्तप्रहर २) रिक्तकाल | | | | | | |
| | ३) शून्य तास ४) शून्य काल | | | | | | |
| प्र.२ | अ) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही एका प्रश्नाचे उत्तर सुमारे ८० शब्दांत लिहा. ४ | | | | | | |
| | १. विनोदिनर्मितीची महत्वाची कारणे कोणती? | | | | | | |
| | २. तुकारामाने सांगितलेली सोनाराकडे येणाऱ्या भुतांची गोष्ट तुमच्या भाषेत | | | | | | |
| | थोडक्यात लिहा. | | | | | | |
| | ३. बॅंडच्या आवाजामुळे लेखकाच्या मनात कोणत्या शंका आल्या? | | | | | | |
| | ब) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही दोन प्रश्नांची उत्तरे प्रत्येकी एका वाक्यात लिहा.२ | | | | | | |
| | १. भुताच्या गोष्टी केव्हा ऐकायच्या असतात? | | | | | | |
| | २. रव्या आणि रश्मी कोणत्या वृत्तीचे आहेत? | | | | | | |
| | ३. विनोदाची निर्मिती कोठे होते? | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

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- प्र.५ अ) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही दोन प्रश्नांची उत्तरे प्रत्येकी सुमारे ८० शब्दांत लिहा.
 - १. मुलाखतीची पूर्वतयारी कशी करावी लागते?
 - २. सामाजिक संपर्कासाठीच्या संकेतस्थळांचे फायदे सांगा.
 - ३. सूत्रसंचालकांच्या अंगी कोणकोणते गुण असावेत?
 - ४. भारतात आकाशवाणी केंद्राची निर्मिती कशी झाली?
 - ब) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही तीन प्रश्नांची उत्तरे प्रत्येकी एका वाक्यात लिहा. ३
 - १. 'क्यूशीट' म्हणजे काय?
 - २. 'मुलाखत' या शब्दाचे शब्दकोशातील अर्थ सांगा.
 - ३. 'मार्कअप' कशाला म्हणतात?
 - ४. उद्घोषणा म्हणजे काय?
 - क) खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही एका विषयावर मुलाखतपूर्व तयारी म्हणून प्रश्नावली तयार करा.
 - १. चहाच्या टपरीत काम करणाऱ्या लहान मुलांची मुलाखत.
 - २. राज्यस्तरीय वक्तृत्व स्पर्धेत प्रथम क्रमांक मिळविणाऱ्या विद्यार्थ्यांची मुलाखत.
 - ३. एस.टी. बस चालकाची मुलाखत



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2)

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प्र. १(अ) निम्नलिखित विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनकर वाक्य फिर से लिखिए । (80) १) त्याग और सेवा भारत के आदर्श है । अ) आर्थिक ब) राष्ट्रीय क) प्रादेशिक २) सूर्य से शनि ग्रह की औसत दूरी करोड किलोमीटर है । अ) १४३ ब) १४५ क) १४७ ३) उद्योगरहित और कार्यहीन मनुष्यों का मन का निवासस्थान होता है । अ) वात्सल्य ब) हास्य क) शैतान जनता के स्वास्थ की सुरक्षा का कानुनी उत्तरदायित्व है । अ) सरकार ब) लोग क) परिवार निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक गद्यांश को पढ़कर उसके नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए: (आ) (80) सोना ने थोडे ही दिनों में सबसे सख्य स्थापित कर लिया । फिर तो वह घास पर लेट जाती और कुत्ते और बिल्ली उस पर उछलते-कुदते रहते । प्रस्तुत वर्णन किस पाठ का है और इस पाठ के लेखक कौन है ? थोडे ही दिनों में किसने सबसे सख्य स्थापित कर लिया था ? 3) सोना कहाँ लेट जाती थी ? सोना के शरीरपर कौन उछलते-कुदते थे ? अथवा 'उसे देखकर मुझे लगता, मानो उसके शरीर में ज्वर के कीटाणू नही, बुआ जी के भय के कीटाणु दौड़ रहे है, जो उसे ग्रसते जा रहे है ।' उपर्युक्त वाक्य किसने कहा है ? बुखार से कौन पीड़ित था ? ?) बुआ जी के भय के कीटाणु किसे ग्रसते जा रहे थे ? 3) बुआ जी क्यों परेशान थी ? 8) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नोंमें से किसी एक का उत्तर लगभग १२० शब्दों में लिखिए । (इ) (०६) विवेकानंद जीने युवाओं पर कौन-सी जिम्मेदारी सौंप दी है ? 3) पौराणिक कथाओं में शनि का वर्णन किस रूप में पाया जाता है ?

'युवा क्रांति के शौले' एकांकी में चित्रित पर्यावरण तथा दहेज प्रथा की समस्याओं का वर्णन कीजिए ।

| प्र. २(अ) | निम्नलिखित विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनकर पंक्ति फिर से लिखिए । | | (08) |
|-----------|---|------------|------|
| ٤) | | | (30) |
| , | (अ) दही (ब) दूध (क) छाछ | e přím dye | |
| ?) | | 44 | |
| | (अ) भाषा (ब) बानी (क) बात | | |
| 3) | सीखो उसी का फिर ना व्यर्थ जावे जान ही । | | |
| | (अ) सम्मान (ब) ज्ञान (क) मान | | |
| ٧) | कमाई जड करइ। | | |
| 30 | (अ) अनेक (ब) नेक (क) अच्छी | | |
| (आ) | निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक पद्यांश को पढ़कर उसके नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखीए | 1 | (08) |
| १) | ''पाहन पूजे हिर मिलै, तो मै पूजुँ पहार । | | |
| | ताते यह चाकी भली, पीस खाय संसार ।।'' | | |
| (۶) | प्रस्तुत दोहा किसका है ? | | |
| ?) | कबीर क्या पूजना चाहते है ? | | |
| 3) | पत्थर से क्या भली है ? | | |
| 8) | चाकी का उपयोग क्या है ? | | |
| | अथवा | | |
| ٤) | 'मन झूठ में ग्वाही भरो, या न्याय झूठा ना करो । | | |
| | अधिकार मे मद ना धरो या चाकरी में ना डरो ।। | | |
| | बेपार में ना हो असत्, धनी या हकीम में हो कदर । | | |
| | संसार में तब सार है, अपनी स्थिति में नेक धर ।। | in action | |
| १) | मद किसका नही होना चाहिए ? | | |
| ?) | किससे नही डरना चाहिए । | | |
| 3) | व्यापार में क्या नहीं होना चाहिए ? | | |
| 8) | किसकी कदर होनी चाहीए ? | | |
| | | | |
| | | 724 | |
| (इ) | निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग ८० शब्दों में लिखिए। | | (%) |
| 8) | रहीम ने प्रेम और अहंकार के बारे में क्या कहा है ? | | |
| ?) | रैदास जी ने प्रस्तुत पदों में किन विषयों पर विचार व्यक्त किए है ? | | |

३). 'एक वृक्ष की हत्या' कविता का आशय लिखिए ।

| л. э | निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर लगभग ८० शब्दों में लिखिए । | (%) |
|-------------|---|------|
| ٤) | मदर टेरेसा ने मिशनरी ऑफ चैरिटी की स्थापना क्यों की ? | |
| 2) | डॉ. भीमराव अंबेडकर जी की अध्ययन की लगन किन बातों से स्पष्ट होती है ? | |
| ₹) | 'अहिंसा एक विज्ञान है' इस विचार का विवेचन कीजिए । | |
| | है , है कि प्रकार क्षात्र में क्षात्र के अपने कि है है कि अधिक है । अपने क्षात्र में रा ष्ट्र के कि कि है है है | |
| ा. ४(अ) | निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में से किन्ही दो के रचना के अनुसार भेद पहचानिए। | (09) |
| १) | शनि एक राशी में करीब ढाई साल तक रहता है । | |
| ?) | मैं तुम सबसे यही चाहता हुँ कि तुम आत्मप्रतिष्ठा, दलबंदी और ईर्ष्या को सदा के लिए छोड़ दो । | |
| 3) | जीवन में दुःख की घडियाँ भी आती है, पर उन्हें साहसपूर्वक सहने में ही जीवन की महानता है । | |
| (आ) | कोष्ठक की सूचना के अनुसार किन्ही दो वाक्योंका कालपरिवर्तन करके वाक्य फिर से लिखिए | (65) |
| १) | भाई साहब के सामने एक विकट समस्या है । (पूर्ण भूतकाल बनाईए) | |
| ?) | बुआ जी बड़ी चिंतित हो उठी । (अपूर्ण वर्तमान बनाइए) | |
| \$) | तीसरा दिन भी निकल गया । (भविष्यकाल बनाइए) | |
| (इ) | १) निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक शब्द का भाववाचक संज्ञा रुप लिखिए। | (0%) |
| १) | युवक २) घबराना | |
| ű. | २) निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक शब्द का विशेषण रुप लिखिए । | (0?) |
| ٤) | आत्मा २) मूल | |
| (इ) | निम्नलिखित मुहावरों में से किन्ही दो के अर्थ लिखकर वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए । | (08) |
| | १) पैरों पर लोटना २) पिंड न छोडना | |
| 34. | २) रुह काँपना ४) हिदायत देना | |
| (ड) | निम्नलिखित वाक्य शुद्ध कर पुनः लिखीए (दो) । | (65) |
| १) | रास्ते पर बुहत भिड़ थे । | |
| ?) | उसके लिए तो उतनी ही चतुराई कि आवश्यकता है । | |
| 3) | आज का अनुभव अच्छी रहा । | Joy. |
| i | | |

प्र. ५ अ) निम्नलिखित गद्यखंड ध्यान से पढ़िए और उसपर पाँच प्रश्न तैयार कीजिए, जिनके उत्तर एक – एक वाक्य में हो । (०५)

१) जीवन क्या है ? जीवन केवल जीना, खाना और मर जाना नहीं है । यह तो पशुओं का जीवन है । मानव जीवन में भी ये प्रवृतियाँ होती है । क्योंकि कि वह भी तो पशु है । पर इनके उपरांत वह कुछ और भी होता है । उस में कुछ ऐसी मनोवृत्तीयाँ होती है, जो प्रकृति के साथ हमारे मेल में बाधक होती है । कुछ ऐसी होती है, जो इस मेल में सहायक बन जाती है । जिन प्रवृत्तियों से प्रकृति के साथ हमारा सामंजस्य बढ़ता है, वे वाछनीय होती है । जिसमें सामंजस्य में बाधा उत्पन्न होती है, वे दूषित है । अहंकार, क्रोध या द्वेष हमारे मन की बाधक प्रवृतियाँ है । यदि हम इनको बे रोक-टोक चलने दे, तो निःसंदेह वे हमें नाथ और पतन की और ले जाएँगी । इस लिए एमें उनकी लगाम खींचनी है । उन पर संयम रखना है, जिससे वे अपनी सीमा से बाहर न जा सके ।

अशवा

उपर्युक्त परिच्छेद का एक तिहाई (१/३) शब्दों में सार लिखिए और उचित शीर्षक दीजिए ।

(आ) पत्र का प्रारुप तैयार कीजिए।

(04)

मनोहर / मनोरमा भंडारी, रानी निवास, एकतानगर, जलगाँव से नवनीत महाविद्यालय, त्र्यंबक मार्ग, जलगाँव के प्राचार्य को हिंदी अध्यापक पद की नोकरी के लिए आवेदन पत्र लिखता / लिखती है।

अथवा

"आपको अपने घर को बेचना है" इसके लिए विज्ञापन पत्र तैयार किजिए ।

XII Art) ENG

SJA CSM710111

MM: 50

HRS: 1.30

Note-

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Figures to the right indicates maximum marks.

Q1 (A): Read the following extract and answer the questions given below: (11M)

......The first requirement for a city is pragmatic plan. Many of our cities such as delhi and bhubaneshwar and even Port Blair in the Andamans have reasonably good master plans. Many also have City Development Plans which have been an essential requirement to draw funds from the government's Urban Renewal programme (JNNURM). But they should be updated frequently based on the changing needs of its people.

......And let's not forget its citizens - they need to be more pro-actively involved when involving master plans. But often, there's lack of planning and inadequate implementation systems. This applies to all essential components of a city-streets, public trabsport system, traffic management, affordable housing, cars and parking drainage, water supply, sewerage and garbage. Any deficient in these will lead to poor quality cities which won't be able to handle the pressure of increased population and changing

............ The second requirement of a good city is good social infrastructure such as parks and places for leisure such as river and sea fronts. It needs to preserve and protect its heritage. We are a nation with diversity in culture, arts and crafts and cities are great platforms for that, given the right facilities. And let's not forget good and affordable educational and healthcare facilities too.

improve the quality of life of its citizen. Take Singapore. It has managed to limit cars and has a very efficient transport. Shanghai has wonderful footpaths everywhere. New York is actively develiping cycling facilities in large parts, while Holland, Denmark and other Scandinavian countries have developed cities around a bicycling infrastructure, creating a complete culture and around them which is humane and ecological. There is Tokyo, the world's most populous city, which has a metro system used by 80% of the population.

- 1. What do many of our cities have in addition to good master plans? (1M)
- 2. How have Singapore and Shanghai manages to improve tthe quality of life of their citizens?(2M)
- 3. Why should the plans of a city be updated frequently? (2M)
- 4. Give the two examples to prove that the needs of people of today are different from those 20 years ago. (2M)
- 5. Rewrite the following sentences in the ways instructed.
- (i) It needs to preserve and protect its heritage. (1M)

..... (use a modal auxiliary showing obligation)

(ii) The first requirement of a city is a Pragmatic Plan. (1M).....(Rewrite using Verb form of the underlined word)

(iii)Any deficiency in these will lead to poor quality cities. (1M)

.....(Rewrite using 'if')

HRS: 1.30

- 6. Give the words from the passage that mean: (1M)
- (i) Practical.
- (ii) Showing concern and kindness towards others.
- B GRAMMAR: (DO AS DIRECTED). (5M)
- (i) It is Paradoxical that average consumer can not decide which technology will offer...... highest standard of water purification. (Fill in the blanks with appropriate articles) 1M
- (ii) The lady took the girls...... a hall where they met a few more girls who were waiting...... her instructions. (Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions) (1M)
- (iii) Can you suggest me a good hotel? Mr David asked the taxi driver." Yes, I will. It's very close to the railway station," Said the taxi driver. (2M)
- (iv) It..... rain tomorrow.(use a modal auxiliary showing 'possibility'). (1M)

Q2(A). Read the following extract and answer the questions given below: (97)

Old women do not fly on magic wands

nor make obscure prophecies

From ominous forests.

They just sit on vacant park benches

in the quiet evenings,

call doves by their names

and charm them with grains of maize

Or, trembling like waves

they stand in endless queues in

government hospitals

or settle like sterile clouds .

in post offices awaiting mail

from their sons abroad,

long ago dead.

Questions-

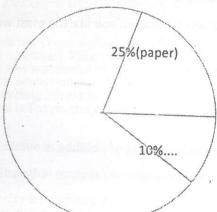
- 1. How do the old women spend their evening? (1M)
- 2. How do you take care of your grand parents? (2M)
- 3. 'trembling like waves'. Explain the figure of speech in this line. (1M)
- 4. Complete the following statements by choosing the best alternatives :

Old women sit..... in the quiet evenings. (1M)

- (i) in the chair
- (ii) in the verandah
- (iii) on vacant park benches.
- 5. Pick out any two pictorial images from the first 10 lines of this extract. (2M)
- (B) Read the following extract and complete the pie-chart given below- (5M)

book takes up the biggest chunk of about 25% of the total cost, closely followed by the binding and printing costs, both of which take up 20% each. Royalty, that is the money given to a writer for writing a book, is about 15%. However, after the book is printed, it has to be suitably promoted so that there is eager audience for it. This takes up about 10% of the pie. The last bit of expense incurred is for transportation - ready to be read books have to be transported to various outlets. This makes a dent of 10%.

Expenditure incurred in publishing a book



Q3 (A) Read the followinf extract carefully and rewrite it from the point of view of the Daisy.

(5M)

On the following morning, when the flower once more stretched from its tender petals, like little arms, towards the air and light, the daisy recognised the birds voice, but what it sang sounded it so bad. Indeed the poor bird had good reason to be sad, for it had been caught and put into a cage closed by the open window. It sang of the happy days when it could merrily fly about, of fresh green corn in the fields, and of the time when it could soar almost up to the clouds. The poor lark was most unhappy as a prisoner in a cage. The little daisy would have like so much to help it, but what could be done? Indeed that was very difficult for such a small flower to find out. It entirely forgot how beautiful everything around it was, how warmly the sun was shint and how splendidly while its petals were. It could only of think of

Q4 (A). Read the following advertisement and prepare a letter of application for it. Use the information in the CV provided: (5M)

Situation vacant

Medical representative

Candidate must be a science graduate,

[PAGE: 4]

HRS: 1.30

fluent in English, Hindi, Marathi.

Experience holder preferred.

Write giving full details to:

The Manager Johnson & Johnson Pharmaceuticals,

Nagpur- 440002

CV (Resume)

Name - Gopal Sawant

Address - 201, mini co-op housing society, Shaila Baug, Nagpur- 440002.

Education - B.Sc (Chemistry) 1st class (65%) PKS College Nagpur.

Experience - Two years as medical representative, Bio Pharma, Nagpur.

Languages known - Marathi, hindi, English.

OR

Write a letter to a social welfare organisation seeking financial help for continuing your studies.

(B). Prepare a short tourist Leaflet about any hill station you like the most with the help of the following points: (4M)

How to reach there

Where to stay

Places worth visiting

Most suitable time to visit

Shopping attraction

Q5. (A) Information Transfer. (4M)

Read the following tabular data of the nutritional value per 100 grams of edible portion of the vegetables and fruits and write a short paragraph comparing their nutritional value in about 120 words -

Nutritional value of Vegetables and Fruits

| Vegetables and Fruits | Calcium- mg | Iron - mg | Vitamin - A IU | Vitamin - B mg | Vitamin - C mg |
|--|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1- Greens (green leafy vegetables) | 500-600 | 22.9 | 500-1000 | 0.10 | 99 |
| 2- Cauliflower | 33 | 1.5 | 51 | 0.01 | 6 |

| Green Peas | 20 | 1.5 | 139 | 0.01 | Nil |
|------------|----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| 4 - Pipple | 9 | 1.0 | 0 | 0.12 | 2 |
| 5 - Guava | 10 | 1.4 | 0 | 0.03 | 212 |

Note - mg - MilliGram, IU - International Unit of measurement

(B) Prepare a set of about 8 questions to interview a woman in a old-age home (AM)

SJA 710101L

MM: 50

HRS: 1.30

NOTE - 1) All the questions are compulsory

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks

| Time-1.5hr | Marks-50 | |
|--|--|-----|
| Q1)A) Fill in the blanks- | | (6) |
| 1) Observe if A proposition is | rary E is(true/false). nethod.(Direct/Indirect) pecific individual. | |
| B) True or False- | 52W | (6) |
| A proposition stands for particular Both the subject and Predicate ter conjunction is false only when bot F≡ is a tautology. The rules of UI and EI are used to Q2)A) Use the method of indirect pro | m of E proposition are distributed. h its conjuncts are false. drop the quantifiers. | |
| are tautologies- 1) S v (S ⊃ S) 2) (R ⊃ S) v (S ⊃ R) | are honest (Sub-altern and Contraly) th between (any one) | |
| | | |
| B) Use the method of Indirect Proof arguments | to prove the validity of following | (4) |
| 1) i) A v (B.C) ii) A ⊃ C | /.*.c | 704 |
| 2)i) P > Q | | |
| ii) P v R | / Oy P | |

(6)

Q4) Distinguish between (any one)

1) Proposition and Propositional

2) Singular Propostion and Guneral Proposition

History

S.IA 710101H

MM: 50

HRS: 1.30

| * | | | | |
|--------------|------|----------------------------|--|--------|
| NO | TE | 1. All questions are con | npulsory | |
| | | 2. Figures to the right in | ndicate full marks. | |
| | | 2. Figures to the right in | , and a second of the second o | |
| Q1 | . A] | Fill in the blanks by choo | sing the correct alternatives given below:- | (05) |
| | 1 | History is an unending dia | logue between the past and present was stated by | MA. IO |
| | | a. E.H.Carr | b. Benetto Croce | |
| | 2 | The science which studies | door writing and carved writings is known as | |
| | 2. | a. Paleography | b. Graphology | |
| | 3 | Paper was invented in | | |
| | ٥. | a. Japan | b. China | |
| | 4 | The first newspaper in Ma | rathi was | |
| | | a. Kesari | b. Darpan | |
| | 5. | is situated | at Konark. | |
| | ٥. | a. Shiva temple | b. Sun temple | |
| | * ; | | | (05) |
| \mathbf{B} | Ma | tch the following pairs A | with B suitably:- | (03) |
| | | | | |
| | | · A | ikangga shrow e B moda si sautsonp galwollal c te zowa | |
| | | estapois bas atos | a. English-Marathi dictionary | |
| | | Sigillography | b. Telephone | |
| | 2. | | c. science which studies seals and stamps | |
| | 3. | | d. Dadasaheb Phalke | |
| | 4. | | e. British Historian | |
| | 5. | Raja Harishchandra | f. science which studies inscriptions | |
| | | | I. Science which studies inscriptions | |
| 0 | 2 A | nswer the following in on | e sentence each:- | (08) |
| ~ | | | | |
| | 1. | Who said History is the b | oridge which connects the past with present? | |
| 13 | 2. | Name the missionary wh | o published the Marathi-English dictionary. | |
| | 3. | In which language did Pa | andita Ramabai translate the Bible? | |
| | 4. | | Kaumudi? | |
| | 5. | | | |
| | 6. | | gical drama 'Sita Swayamwar'? | |
| | 7. | | | |
| | 8. | | ra situated? | |
| | ٥. | | | |
| | | | Page 1 of 2 | |

Q3. Write short notes in 40-50 words (any 3):-

(12)

- 1. Applied history.
- 2. Works of Dr William Carrey.
- 3. How is history applied in Television.
- 4. Qualities of a Tourist Guide.

Q4. Answer the following questions with the help of given points (any 1):-

(10)

- 1. The correlation of the past and the present.
 - a. Remembering the past happenings and the teachings.
 - b. Non-ending dialogue between the present and the past
 - c. Present day problems are solved
 - d. The study of knowledge acquired from the past.

OR

- 2. Explain the Role of Cinema.
 - a. Entertainment
 - b. Social Awareness
 - c. Job Opportunities
 - d. Personality Development.

Q5. Answer the following questions in about 250 words approximately (any 1):-

(10)

1. Explain the Importance of preservation of Historical Monuments and structures.

OR

2. Explain the work done by newspapers.

SJA 710190 MM :750

| NOTE: | 1. All questions are com | pulsory | To-realizara S tem |
|---------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | 2. Figures to right indica | te full marks. | |
| Q1 A |)Fill in the blanks with sui | table alternatives: | > (05) |
| | 1. Acommun | ity is relatively large in size. | |
| | a)Rural | b)Urban | |
| 8 los | 2 is the main | problem of the tribal people. | |
| | a)Poverty | b)Exploitation | |
| | 3. Caste is based on | 1 Sit Cutod 1 | |
| | a)Birth | b)Power | |
| | 4. Endogamy is a | | |
| | a)Form | b)Rule | |
| | a)1961 | Act was passed in the year b)1971. | e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e |
| B) Mat | tch the column: | | (05) |
| 1 | .2005 | Rural community | |
| 2. | .Marriage | Nuclear family | |
| 3. | .Varna system | Domestic Violence Act | |
| 4. | Urban community | Brahmins | |
| 5. | High social position | Social approval | |
| | | | ec opulinación o |
| Q2. Ans | swer the following in one | sentence each:- | (08) |
| 1.What | is the impact of Buddhism | 1? | |
| | any 2 causes for declining | | ž |
| | e family. | | |

4. What is dowry?

5. Mention any 2 problems of working women. 6.In which community do we find slums? 7. What is the meaning of population education? 8. State any 2 reasons for domestic violence. (12)Q3) Distinguish Between (any 3) 1.Tribal community and Rural community. 2. Under population and Over population. 3. Endogamy and Exogamy. 4. Patriarchal family and Matriarchal family. (10)Q4)Answer the following questions in 200-250 words each:-1. What are the causes and consequences of gender inequality? OR 2. State the problems of urban community and suggest remedial measures. (10)Q5) Answer the following questions in 250 words each:-

1. Explain with examples the changes that have taken place in the institution of marriage.

2.Discuss the causes of farmers suicide. Suggest suitable measures to solve them.

OR

MM: 50

SJA 710190

[PAGE 2]

HRS: 1.30

XII AND ECO

SJA 710170

MM: 50

HRS: 1.30

| 3. Monopoly means (sing | demand. (direct/derived/composite/Joint) sle seller/several seller/single buyer/several buyer) |
|--|---|
| 4 is regarded as primary factor | r of production. (Land/Labour/Capital/Entrepreneur) |
| Q.I. (B) State whether the following st | tatements are time of I |
| 1. Demand for Labour is direct deman | nd. |
| 2. In Monopoly market the firm and in | ndustry are the same |
| 3. Micro economics deal with the Allo | ocation of Resources |
| 4. Utility is the basis of demand. | |
| Q.I. (C) Match the Column | |
| | |
| GROUP - A | GROUP - B |
| 1. Micro Economics | a) Maximum TU |
| 2. Point of Satiety | b) Inverse relation |
| 3. Demand and Price | c) Individual Units |
| 4. Stock | d) Potential supply |
| Q.II. (A) Define or Explain the following 1. Micro Economics 2. Unitary Elastic Q.II (B) Distinguish Between. (any 2) | city of Demand. 3. Stock. 4. Capital. |
| Micro Economics 2. Unitary Elastic Q.II (B) Distinguish Between. (any 2) Total Utility and Marginal Utility. Stock and Supply. | city of Demand. 3. Stock. 4. Capital. |
| Micro Economics 2. Unitary Elastic Q.II (B) Distinguish Between. (any 2) Total Utility and Marginal Utility. Stock and Supply. Perfectly Elastic demand and Perfectly I | city of Demand. 3. Stock. 4. Capital. |
| Micro Economics 2. Unitary Elastic Q.II (B) Distinguish Between. (any 2) Total Utility and Marginal Utility. Stock and Supply. Perfectly Elastic demand and Perfectly I Perfect Competition and Monopoly | city of Demand. 3. Stock. 4. Capital. |
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×11 P.T.

SYJC - P.T EXAM

| Roll No | | Seat No |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Contact No | Regu | lar (25) |
| Q1 a) Fill in the blanks | | |
| (1) Gagang Narang is an Internat (Shooting, Badminton, Cricket | t) | (2) |
| (Virat Kohli,Ishant Sharma,Rol | of Indian Cricket Team. | |
| (3) The full form of BMI is. | iit Snarma) | |
| (Body Mass Index, Body Musc | le Information, Brain Muscle Inte | ensity) |
| (4) Sakshi Malik represented India (Judo, Boxing, Wrestling) | a in game. | |
| b) Match the Column (any 4) | | (2) |
| × | | (2) |
| (1) Protien | (a) Badminton | |
| (2) P. V. Sindhu | (b) mind and soul | |
| (3) Dipa Karmakar | (c) Nutrition | |
| (4) Yoga | (d) Athletics | |
| (5) Vikas Gowda | (e) Gymnast | |
| | | |
| c) True Or False | | |
| 1. Rahul Dravid is Called a | s A The Wall | (2) |
| 2. Running is an Athletic E | | |
| 3. Football game is played | | |
| 4. BMI means Body Mass | | |
| | 1 | |
| Q.2 Answer in one sentence | | (5) |
| 1. Waist Hip Ratio | *** | (0) |
| | | |
| 2. Name any 4 Olympic players of I | ndia | |
| | iiuia | |
| 2 111 | | |
| 3. Whay is THR? | | |
| | | |
| 4. What is Nutrition? | | |
| | | 754 |
| 5. What do you mean by PRANAYA | MA | a 2 |

| (1) Write about Fitne | ess | | | |
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| (2) Write about Foot | ballMatch ' | Timing | | |
| | | C Teams | | 18 Callery |
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| | | 5. | | |
| | (Valensin) | | | |
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| swer Briefly | | | | (4) |
| Importance of Physic | al Activity i | n day today life | | |
| importance of Fifysic | al ACTIVILY II | it day today life | | * |
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| Write about Fitness in | your own | words | | |
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| | | la . | | |
| 05) Write Short Not | es | | | ye figuri kilik bida simu |
| 7 | - | | | (6) |
| 5 1 | wer Briefly mportance of Physic | wer Briefly mportance of Physical Activity in | Wer Briefly mportance of Physical Activity in day today life Write about Fitness in your own words | wer Briefly mportance of Physical Activity in day today life Write about Fitness in your own words |

XII Philo

SJA 710150 MM: 50

HRS: 1.30

NOTE - 1) All the questions are compulsory

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks

| Time-1.5hr | Marks-5 | 0 |
|--|--|-----------------------|
| | The section of the se | gut (I - v |
| Q1)A) Fill in the blanks- | (6) |) (C) (A) (B) |
| 1) is the knowledge of reality. (pl 2) The Sanskrit term for is darsh: 3) believes in reason as the valid (Rationalist, Empericist) | an.(Philosophy/Ethics) | *** (#.5) **** [1] |
| 4) Only sentences express know5) connects truth of a proposition (Pragmatism, Coherence) | | |
| 6) For there is no ultimate truth | .(William James,Nyaya Darshan) | |
| B) True or False- | (6) | |
| A Statement is different from a Propos Pragmatism hold that the utility of an a Sound is the Quality of Ether. In Indian tradition is the ultimate aim o Descartes is rationalist. Knowledge by perception is always true | of philosophy is Moksha. | |
| C) Match the following - 1) Tatlavajnyana 2) Hume 3) Descartes 4) Leibniz | a)Geometrical b) Knowledge of Brahman c) Monad d) Skeptic | |

MM: 50

[PAGE: 2]

HRS: 1.30

SJA 710150